

The same is true of every department of the University. To do otherwise would properly subject the University to criticism.

Judge Streit obviously reads some evil connotation into the term "commercial". Certainly athletics are commercialized at the University to the extent that they must be self-supporting. It might be preferable if this were not so, but opinion in Kentucky and throughout most of the nation holds that athletics as an extra-curricular activity must not be a financial burden on the educational system. We repeat, no dollar of taxpayer money goes into our athletics program.

11. The statement condemns the University for illegal recruiting. Judge Streit is in error in his opinion that the rules of the Southeastern Conference and of the N.C.A.A. forbid recruiting. We are concerned with the problems attendant upon recruiting and we are gratified to learn that University officials and coaches months ago took strong affirmative action to see that undesirable practices not continue. Specifically we refer to the limitation which Coach Bryant has placed on recruiting, and to the University of Kentucky sponsored regulation requiring all athletes in the S.E.C. to make affidavits that they have not received and will not accept illegal subsidies. Finally, in this regard, we charge all officials of the University to use extreme diligence to ensure that in the future not only the letter but the spirit of all rules of the Southeastern Conference and of the N.C.A.A. shall be adhered to.

12. One further charge in Judge Streit's statement has been misinterpreted both by Judge Streit and by the public. He asserted that subsidies paid to players came from monies collected in 1948 for the Olympic Committee. This is not true. Three of the Kentucky players, Holland, Line, and Barnstable were not chosen on the Olympic team and were not eligible to travel to the Olympic Games at the expense of the Olympic Committee. A fund was collected by fans to send these three boys to England. After their expenses had been paid a small sum remained and this was the source of the subsidies.

13. Judge Streit has asserted that the University of Kentucky has no scholarships for students who find it necessary to work their way through college, the inference being that all student aid at the University is confined to athletics grants-in-aid. This is untrue, as anyone at all familiar with this institution or with higher education in general would immediately recognize. University records will reveal that there are awarded annually approximately 260 scholarships and fellowships - totaling in value more than \$75,000, none of which has the slightest connection with athletics, and practically all of which are assigned on the basis of scholastic ability and financial need. Athletics grants-in-aid are financed from the income from gate receipts, academic scholarships from the gifts of people genuinely interested in scholarship, and the amounts going to each are only indicative of the relative value placed by the public on athletics and on scholarship. We regret that a higher value has not been placed by the contributing public for purely scholastic attainment. We think it unfair, however, for Judge Streit to reflect on our faculty because larger funds for this latter purpose are not available.

The grants-in-aid referred to by Judge Streit in this connection have been given by the University of Kentucky in strict accordance with the rules of the Southeastern Conference and these rules, in turn, are quite similar to those of at least three other major conferences. This only argues that the University of Kentucky has been carrying out the policies of the conference of which it is a member, and that these policies have for years had the endorsement of the